## Ph.D., Lopatyuk R.I.

## Uman State Pedagogical University, Uman

## Investment of economic growth

Combined measures of effective enterprise development the agricultural sector at the forefront of their investment and achieve economic stability. This is due to the increasing capitalization and incorporation of agricultural production on the one hand and the need for innovation in manufacturing processes , upgrade technology, improve operations and other activities - on the other.

In agriculture the observed high dependence on natural conditions, a high proportion of agricultural production in households , the decline in labor productivity , poor credit system , the use of simplified cultivation technologies and growing crops silhosptvaryn , poor technical equipment of inadequate implementation of innovative technologies that prevent the effective conduct of .

The share of fixed investment in total investment is about 2%. While in foreign countries, the figure is over 25% with significant state support producers. Moreover, the worse the conditions of production, the higher the level of support [1].

A key element of economic reform is to develop an investment strategy. Without this it is impossible to bring into force the main factors of economic growth, to make structural changes. Investments are needed source of funding for reproductive processes. Under the investment guarantee economic development proposed to understand not only the process of raising capital in the economy, but the mechanism for the formation and implementation of investment policy at the regional level, taking into account the investment priorities of the country and the efficiency of this type of investment.

The current state of innovation in the agricultural sector of the country is characterized by instability, lack of an effective mechanism for implementing innovation by promoting expanded reproduction. Low innovation attractiveness of the agricultural sector due to high risk and insufficient investment, high interest rates on loans to agribusiness companies deny the possibility to search for innovation, their development and implementation. Moreover, the situation is aggravated low skills of modern management companies that do not provide effective innovation - oriented economic development in market conditions [2,3].

Increase efficiency and capital investment generally defining measure appears to increase gross (commodity) agricultural production, improving productivity and reducing cost of production and ultimately to increase revenue, profitability. Therefore, it is important to take measures to ensure the growth of these and other factors. Agriculture in this regard has great potential. Let us discuss some of them.

- 1. Provisions, primarily comprehensiveness and proportionality of capital investments. Thus, a combination of plant investment in agricultural machinery, land reclamation, use of chemicals agriculture. In animal is important rational combination of the cost of construction of buildings and structures of the expenses for the herd as well as the introduction of comprehensive mechanization. Destination investment in livestock primarily be designed to strengthen the food supply by reclamation activities, construction kormotseha and feed mills. To ensure comprehensiveness and proportionality of capital they must be science-based planning using progressive norms of capital investment as an essential part of the resources allocated to the development of agricultural production.
- 2. Improving the structure of investment by increasing the proportion of capital investment, aimed at rehabilitation of existing assets, particularly industrial buildings. Construction costs recouped in 2 2.5 times faster compared to investments for new construction, while the 10-15 years pushed the offensive term obsolescence of fixed assets. When reconstructing the reduced specific investment, increasing capacity note- tion, created better conditions for workers.
- 3. Reducing the gap in time between investment and obtaining economic benefit, and especially in construction. The effectiveness of capital investments are often reduced through the development of a long lag fixed assets. In animal is

vidbuvalosyadyt due to delay commissioning of auxiliary facilities (kormopryhotuvalnyh plants, water facilities, etc.), stretching for years mechanization of production processes, the acquisition of livestock waste.

- 4. Increasing the concentration of agricultural production is an important means of reducing the need for capital investments and increase efficiency. According to the calculations of science and practice, the cost of one place on dairy farms with 800 cows is lower than on farms with 200 cows, 24%, for 1200 cows 29%. In specialized farms efficiently using a special technique, production facilities, expensive equipment. There usually are ample opportunities for the introduction of industrial technology, integrated mechanization and automation of production [4].
- 5. Raising capital construction cost of production and non-production facilities through strict adherence to cost, the use of local building materials, and advanced methods of construction. The special role of complex investments. In construction, for example, livestock farms resolved many issues of productivity growth. However, due to unresolved properly fodder efficiency investments decreases. Only in terms of technological progress, the introduction of science, the rational organization of production is achieved by reducing the cost of capital per unit of output. These two economic process in terms of increased fertility leads to a faster increase in the value of gross output in comparison with fixed capital, which is the main factor in improving the efficiency of investments and fixed assets.

Thus , the problems facing the economy , including agriculture , the transition to a new stage - a sustainable recovery can only be a result of their innovation - oriented development that allows us to solve the problem of accelerated economic development, domestic market saturation national food quality , ensure food security , strengthen the competitive advantages of Kazakh products in domestic and foreign markets.

## Literature

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